Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.---NO. 145. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1899. WHOLE NO. 10,003

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Hebrews in Memphis, Tenn., cabled the Emperor of Germany, petitioning him to permit Schwartzkoppen to testify in the Dreyfus case. —— No change in the Transvaal situation; the reply to the British is regarded as marking the disappearance of the last hope of peace. —— One case of yellow fever at Miami, Fla.; American physicians at Key West report sixty-four and Cuban physicians in attendance upon half as many more cases at Key West. —— A forward movement of the American forces in the Philippines is expected to begin in October. —— Capt. Butler with a small force had a brush with the Filipinos at San Rafael and captured prisoners and supplies. —— The president of the Dreyfus court martial decided to exclude the testimony of the German and Italian attaches; a verdict is expected by Monday next at the latest. —— A Chinese laundryman shot and killed a negro at Georgetown, S. C. —— Gov. Candler's minute men, organized in Atlanta, have made application to be accepted as a company for service in the Philippines. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 4@6 per cent., the last loan being at 4 per cent.; cotton quiet; middling uplands 6¾c.; flour was quite steady, with buyers at old prices; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 72¾c.; corn—spot easy; No. 2, 39⅝c.; rosin quiet; strained common to good $1.27½ @1.30; spirits turpentine quiet at 46½@47½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 7.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 79 degrees, 8 P. M., 80 degrees; maximum, 90 degrees; minimum, 73 degrees; mean, 82 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .0 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 1.4 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Higher temperatures prevailed over the Carolinas and lower temperatures in the Mississippi districts. Generally clear weather prevailed, with light and scattered showers.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—For North Carolina: Showers and thunder storms Friday and probably Saturday; cooler Friday in central portion; variable winds.

Port Almanac--Sept 8.

Sun Rises	5.39 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.16 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 37 M.
High Water at Southport	9.42 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.12 A. M.

That sleeping car porter who has recently inherited $50,000 didn't throw up his job. He knows a good thing when he has it.

Memphis, Tenn., was not very many years ago a very unhealthy city, but with proper drainage the death rate has been reduced 30 per cent.

Russell Sage started out for himself as an errand boy in a country store. He lived on plain food then, and has ever since believed in plain food and hustling.

Alexander Dumas didn't have a very high opinion of French justice. He once said if he were "accused of stealing the towers of Notre Dame, he would not attempt to defend himself." He would skip.

Although Tom Reed will transfer his personality to New York, he will retain his residence and citizenship in Maine. Tom wants to have something to fall back on in the event Greater Gotham doesn't pan out according to expectation.

Diamonds are going up in price as well as beef. The average editor could scrimmage along with higher beef by reducing his beef rations, but when it comes to putting diamonds up, that's tough, tougher than the usual supply of beef.

A German inventor in Texas has discovered a process of delinting cotton seed with the use of chemicals. It removes every particle of the lint without injuring the seed or the germ. The process dissolves the lint and produces a gum which can be used in many ways.

An irate New York woman who shot at her husband and hit another man, got as mad as a tarantula when she was arrested. She thought she was exercising an inalienable right in shooting at her own husband and should not be held responsible for the accident of hitting another fellow.

In Russia one never sees a driver of horses with a whip, and seldom a runaway horse. The driver of a horse that he has not implicit confidence in, has a thin cord with a noose running around the horse's neck, and if he attempts to run a pull on the cord soon cuts off his wind and brings him up suddenly.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 6th inst: "Dr. W. C. McDuffie was able to be at his office a little while this morning, and was greeted by many friends."

— The County Auditing Board did not hold a meeting yesterday, on account of lack of a quorum. A meeting will be held this afternoon after the session of the Board of Hospital Managers.

— The government river dredge *General Wright*, Capt. P. T. Dicksey, went up Town Creek yesterday to begin work in clearing the channel of obstructions accumulated during the past few months.

— Henry Nichols, a colored employe of the Champion Compress, had his foot mashed in the machinery of the new hydraulic press yesterday morning. He was attended by Dr. Chas. T. Harper.

— Contractor Thad. F. Tyler has completed the work of moving the machinery from the old bell tower near corner Fourth and Dock streets. It was placed in the Chemical Engine house to await the building of the new tower.

— A number of the excursionists from Bennettsville here Wednesday got left Wednesday night and did not leave until yesterday morning. Several were allowed reduced rates because they did not have money enough to pay straight fare.

— Hatch Brothers' last excursion for the season is expected to arrive in the city to-day over the Wilmington and Weldon railroad from Dunn, N. C. The excursion will be run by Wilson and passengers will be taken on up to and including Pikeville.

— Walter Ripley, a small colored boy, lost the little toe of his left foot yesterday afternoon by being stepped upon by a horse attached to a fish cart at the market house. He was given a permit by Dr. Zachary and sent to the City Hospital, carrying the severed toe in his hand.

— The Rev. Dr. Carmichael, by a special resolution of the Vestry of St. James Parish inviting him to do so will officiate at St. James Church on Sunday next, September 10th, at 11 o'clock. Services will be morning prayer, commencing with the litany, sermon, and holy communion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. O'Connor—For rent.
Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.—Just received

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Drug clerk.
Andrew Smith—Wanted.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. H. Anders, of Kelly's was here yesterday.

— Mr. C. Furber Jones, of Charlotte, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. Geo. T. Leach, of Washington, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. P. Lee, of Whiteville, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mrs. J. F. Garrell left yesterday for a visit to friends at Peoria, Illinois.

— Miss Eva Polley has returned from a very pleasant visit to relatives at Rocky Mount.

— Mr. F. R. Corbett, of Alpine, Sampson county, was a welcome caller at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. D. L. Gore returned yesterday from a business trip to Jacksonsville and other points in Florida.

— Capt. Jeff. D. Sessoms, of Stedman, and Sheriff Hargett, of Onslow county, spent last night in the city.

— The family of Capt. J. T. Harper, who have been spending the Summer at Southport, have returned to the city.

— Messrs. S. W. Oliver, of Bennettsville, and Charles Inman, of McCall, S. C., were in the city on business yesterday.

— Mr. Edmund Lilly has gone to Maxton, where he will represent Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son in the cotton market of that thriving town.

— Hon. Franklin McNeill returned from Raleigh yesterday morning, where he was in attendance upon the sitting of the Corporation Commission Tuesday and Wednesday.

— Mr. J. Merryman Walker, a clever young man formerly of this city but now of New York, is spending several days in the city greeting old friends. He expects to return to New York Saturday or Monday.

— Mrs. R. H. Tate and children, of New Orleans, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Huggins, on Dock street. Mr. Tate, who holds an important position with the Seaboard Air Line, is expected here Sunday.

— Mr. Thos. E. Myers, one of Wilmington's brightest and most popular young men, expects to leave the city about October 1st for Bartow, Fla., where he has accepted a position with the Palmetto Phosphate Company. The STAR wishes for him abundant success.

— Miss Pearl Wescott returned last night from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. H. L Leonard, in Bladen county. She is accompanied by her cousin, Miss Ferdie Leonard. They will go down to Southport this morning, where Mr. Wescott's family is spending several weeks.

METHOD OF PURCHASING TIMBER LANDS.

Ten-Year Contracts the Most General Practice—Thousands of Acres Changing Hands—Development Expected.

In conversation with a member of the STAR staff a well known attorney, through whom large acres of timber lands in Eastern Carolina are being purchased by timber dealers and speculators further North, said that the purchases are being made almost altogether purely for the timber, with the stipulation that after ten years the title reverts to the original owner. Experts are engaged to estimate the value of the timber on the stump, the estimate being made on all timber at present ten inches or more in diameter, and that which will during the course of the ten-year period of the contract most probably attain that size.

Generally the right is reserved by the vendor to take timber for fencing, fuel and other necessary farming purposes. Large purchases on this basis are being made in Pender, Duplin and adjacent counties, also in Robeson, Duplin, Columbus and other counties contiguous to Wilmington.

Those in a position to judge best are convinced that the supply of timber cannot be exhausted for many years to come and in spite of the vast proportions already attained by Wilmington as a timber port it is nevertheless a fact that the industry is still in its infancy compared to the enormous proportions which can but be attained in a few years.

BIG CIRCUS COMING.

Wallace's Big Show Will Give An Exhibition Here October Fourth.

The big circus is coming. Mr. R. M. Harvey press agent and local contractor for the Wallace circus, has arranged for the appearance of the big shows here on Wednesday, October 4th.

The Wallace Shows—always good—are better this year than ever before, having been enlarged and reorganized with many new and novel features.

In speaking of the performance recently given at Charles City, Iowa, the *Daily X Rays* says:

This afternoon's performance was presented before a tent full of people, who were wildly enthusiastic over every feature. There was an absence of sameness about the Wallace Shows, every part of it being new, novel and artistic. Not a single thing on the bills was omitted, and when the magnificent exhibition ended the great throng filed slowly out, loth to depart from a place which has provided them such a pleasant afternoon's entertainment.

Schooner Wm. F. Green Safe.

The schooner *Wm. F. Green*, Capt. Johnson, for which fears were entertained that she had been wrecked off Hatteras during the recent hurricane, arrived all safe at Stamford, Conn., yesterday. A telegram to this effect was received by Mr. A. S. Hiede yesterday, and it was glad tidings for Miss Johnson, a daughter of the captain, who has been spending some time with Mr. Heide's family in this city, and who feared that her father and a sister who were on board had been lost. It will be remembered that a bottle containing a slip of paper on which was written "Schooner *Wm. F. Green* lost at sea August 17th," was found August 21st near Lambert's Point. The *Green* was from Goanaives bound for Stamford.

Magistrates' Courts.

The following list of cases disposed of by Justice Fowler yesterday grew out of a disturbance Wednesday night in the vicinity of Fourth and Castle streets:

George Herbert, affray; not guilty and discharged.

Clarence Parker, assault and battery; judgment suspended.

C. A. Barrett, assault and battery; fined $5.

Mary Moody, assault and battery with a deadly weapon; committed in default of $50 bond for her appearance at Criminal Court.

Aside from these cases Silas Brown submitted for disorderly conduct, but judgment was reserved.

Justice McGowan also tried a number of unimportant cases yesterday.

Telephone Extension.

The Inter-State Telephone Company will begin work on the connecting link between Phœnix, in Brunswick county, and Wilmington on next Monday. The Inter-State people are also contemplating in the near future the construction of a line to Lumberton, N. C., to connect with that circuit, which, when completed will put Wilmington in telephonic communication with a large number of towns in the up-country and also in South Carolina. The line to Phœnix will be quite a convenience to the citizens of that little town and also to many Wilmington people. It is also stated that Phœnix is to have a new railroad depot very soon.

Record of Temperature.

The following are the records of maximum temperature at the different points in the Wilmington district of the Weather Bureau service for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock yesterday morning: Wilmington, 94; Charlotte, 98; Cheraw, 101; Florence, 94; Goldsboro, 96; Greensboro, 95; Lumberton, 95; Newbern, 98; Raleigh, 100; Weldon, 96. Wilmington, it will be noted, was very appreciably below the average for the district, which was 97 degrees.

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

Y. M. C. A. WILL HOLD AN EDUCATIONAL RALLY

In the Auditorium Next Tuesday Night. Addresses by Dr. Blackwell and Col. Waddell.

Secretary Caldwell, of the Young Men's Christian Association, is, in conjunction with the educational committee of association, arranging for a big educational rally in the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium on next Tuesday night. Every effort will be exerted to induce a large attendance of the people of the city and no pains are being spared in the arrangement of a programme which will insure the success from social and intellectual view points.

There will be brief and forcible addresses by Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., of the First Baptist Church and Col. A. M. Waddell, mayor of the city. Mr. W. M. Cumming, chairman of the Y. M. C. A. Educational Committee, will also make a talk in which he will treat especially the work of the association along educational lines.

Rev. A. D. McClure, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, has also consented to take part in the programme.

A special musical feature will be selections by a quartette consisting of Mr. A. S. Holden, Mr. C. H. Cooper, Miss Carrie White and Mrs. J. D. Smith.

The Educational Committee, under whose direction the rally is being gotten up, consists of Mr. W. M. Cumming (chairman), Mr. Andrew J. Howell and Prof. Jno. J. Blair.

Sunday Afternoon Service.

Plans for the Gospel service for men on next Sunday afternoon have been so far perfected that it is settled that Dr. Blackwell will be the special speaker, his theme being 'Seeing the Unseen." Miss Nellie Calder has promised to sing.

THE ORTON'S NIGHT CLERK.

Mr. T. W. McBryde Succeeded by Mr. Robert H. Gwaltney.

Mr. T. W. McBryde, who has for the past two years or longer served efficiently as night clerk at The Orton has resigned his position and was succeeded on yesterday by Mr. Robert H. Gwaltney, son of Rev. Dr. Gwaltney, one of North Carolina's best known Baptist divines. Mr. Gwaltney has a host of friends in Wilmington who will heartily welcome him to the city. He spent several months in the city about two years ago, being employed in the freight department of the Atlantic Coast Line. And what base ball enthusiast of Wilmington is not familiar with his great accomplishment as a ball player? He played quite effectively with the Athletic Association team and will no doubt now be a regular member of the team for the next season.

Mr. McBryde, the retiring clerk, will spend several days at The Orton yet and will pay a visit to relatives at Bennettsville and elsewhere before engaging in business again. He is a clever and accommodating gentleman and the best wishes of a host of friends here will attend him wherever he may locate.

Stole Suit of Clothes.

Constable Sheehan had a lively chase yesterday after a couple of colored thieves, who succeeded in outwitting him after a run of several miles ending up on the shell road near the new cotton factory. The negroes were loitering around a new building being erected in the southern section of the city, where they espied a suit of clothes belonging to Mr. Wm. Savage, a carpenter on the building, in one of the unfinished rooms of the house. The negroes exhibited a fondness for neat wearing apparel by entering the room and making an exit from one of the back windows with the clothing. Mr. Savage detected the theft and set out in pursuit and Constable Sheehan took up the chase a few blocks away with the result before stated. The negroes escaped to the woods. Their identity is unknown.

Woodmen of the World.

An informal meeting of Live Oak Camp, No. 6, "Woodmen of the World," was held in their hall last evening. Good fellowship prevailed, though at the extremely high temperature, and wit and laughter was the order of the occasion. Some enthusiastic sovereign suggested ice cream as an antidote to the somewhat moist feelings of the assemblage, and Sovereign Warren met the issue in his usual style. The meeting adjourned with preliminary arrangements effective for a unique affair before the end of the month.

Mr. T. W. Plummer.

In a mammoth illustrated industrial edition of the Yates Center (Kansas) *Advocate*, there appears an extended notice of the substantial real estate and fire insurance business of Mr. T. W. Plummer, a brother of the STAR'S esteemed friend, Capt. J. W. Plummer, of this city. The notice is accompanied by a cut of Mr. Plummer, and concludes a review of his extensive business by saying: "The name of T. W. Plummer has always been synonymous with community enterprise and correct business methods."

Will Take a Vacation.

Dr. C. P. Wertenbaker, wife and child left last night on a Summer vacation of one month, which they will spend in New York and Danbury, Conn. During Dr. Wertenbaker's absence the United States Marine Hospital, of which he is the surgeon in charge, will be supervised by Dr. W. H. Lippitt, acting assistant surgeon.

GEORGE R. DYER.

Many Friends Paid the Last Tribute of Respect at His Funeral Yesterday Afternoon.

From the residence of his parents, No. 917 Market street, yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, the funeral of the late George R. Dyer was conducted according to the impressive funeral ritual of the Episcopal Church by Rev. Dr. James Carmichael and Rev. Robt. R. Windley.

A host of friends of the deceased, among them being Miss Amy Bradley, to whom as a teacher Mr. Dyer had been especially attached for a number of years, were present both to witness the funeral ceremony and to attend the burial at Oakdale.

Many beautiful floral designs were laid upon the grave as a mark of respect and a token of the love and esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held by his many Wilmington friends. The pall bearers for the occasion were Messrs. T. W. Clawson T. E. Wallace, W. C. Craft, W. C. VonGlahn, L. W. McLaurin, and W. H. Yates of Rocky Mount, a nephew of the deceased.

The Savannah *News* of yesterday has the following of the funeral in that city:

The funeral of the late George R. Dyer took place at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence, No. 122 Taylor street, west. Many friends of the deceased and of his family paid the last tribute of respect. Among them were representatives of the naval stores, cotton and shipping interests with whom Mr. Dyer had been associated in his duties as commercial and marine editor of the *Morning News*.

The services were conducted by Rev. T. C. Tupper, D. D., in charge of the Episcopal parishes of Savannah, and were touching in the extreme. After the prayers the hymns, "Lead Thou Me On," and "Nearer My God to Thee," were sung by a trio. The floral offerings were rich, among the handsomest being a tribute from the North Carolina naval stores men in Savannah.

A number of friends accompanied the body to the train. The pall-bearers were Messrs. C. W. Howard, E. G. Trenholm, L. W. Neeson, J. R. Pritchard and Theo. Fincken. Mr. Howard and Mr. George Gates went as far as Charleston with Mrs. Dyer and her son, and Mrs. John Dyer, mother of the deceased, where they were met by Mrs. Dyer's brother.

AGAINST MORMONISM.

EDITOR STAR:—The special telegram from Raleigh yesterday to the STAR, telling of the activity of Mormon elders, prompts the writer to give some facts with criticifms to your readers.

At a county-seat of a neighboring county a personal effort had to be made some months ago to have the court house doors closed against Mormons. They were closed. In a churchfield some fifteen miles from Wilmington, where vigorous efforts have been made to reach neglected lives, a church and its membership are now under Mormon control.

Driving from five to six hundred miles a month with the use of two horses, and additional miles of railway a part of the time, since a member of Wilmington Presbytery, I have been contending with the evils of Mormonism—its deception, half truths and insinuations.

Is it not the duty of the Christian Church and her pulpit representatives and members to be more aggressive in stopping the spread of error as well as to teach the truth? The best way to stop the teaching of errors is to teach truths; but away from our towns there is the great need of more intelligent preaching—considerate, logical, tactful preaching of Gospel truths. Our counties need more schools and better schools, we know.

Into the homes of poverty and the uneducated and unchurched people, for the most part, the Mormon elders go and proselyte. When they have won people to their beliefs then they give them Mormonism as it is.

At our doors are needs for more mission work, because within easy reach are opportunities for evangelization almost as imperative as some foreign lands can offer. What shall be the answer of intelligence, culture, affluence to the appealing voice of opportune duty?

JOHN STANLY THOMAS.

VESSELS TO ARRIVE.

A Number Bound for Wilmington—Expected to Arrive Very Soon.

The following vessels are in port at New York and other points bound for Wilmington as indicated in the *Maritime Register*:

British steamship *Almora*, 2,835 tons, Williams, New York, Barber & Co. [Cleared.]

British steamship *Chatburn*, 1,225 tons, Douglas, sailed Teneriffe, Aug. 26th.

Norwegian barque *Rosenius*, 535 tons, Bogerald. [Passed Deal September 4th.]

British steamship *Lord Kelvin*, 2,232 tons, Steele. [Passed Prawlie August 18th.]

Norwegian barque *Skuid*, 913 tons. [Sailed Shields September 1st.]

Brig *Caroline Gray*, 289 tons, Meader, New York, Smith, Gregory & Co.

Schooner *Chas. H. Sprague*, 260 tons, Harper, South Amboy.

Schooner *Frank S. Hall*, 152 tons, Moore, New York, A. J. Bailey.

Off For Camp.

Second Lieutenant Dan'l R. Johnson, of the Thirty-eighth regiment United States Volunteers, left yesterday morning via the A. C. L. for Raleigh, where he will spend some time at the recruiting office there, leaving in a few days for Fort Snelling, Minn., to enter upon his official duties. Lieutenant Johnson is a son of Mr. "Jack" Johnson, of Brunswick county, and received his appointment several days ago, in common with Lieutenant Bradley Wootten of this city, and other officers of the regiment elsewhere.

— Mr. C. E. Egan, general manager for the Inter-State Telephone Company, with headquarters at Durham, arrived in the city yesterday and will spend a day or two, on business connected with the Wilmington exchange.

STATE PENITENTIARY

Summerell Still Retains His Old Place As Supervisor at the Northampton Farm.

ANOTHER HABEAS CORPUS.

Judge Montgomery Reverses His Decision in Summers Case—Baptist Female College—The Mormons—New Cotton Seed Freight Rate.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 7.

Though it was announced a week ago that Superintendent Day, of the penitentiary, and Governor Russell had held a conference and decided that Summerell must go, he still remains in his old place as supervisor of the Northampton farm. Captain Day is now understood to be determined to take no action in the matter until the investigation of the penitentiary is completed. He says he is "afraid of prejudicing Summerell's case before the committee." Whether the Governor seconds him in this vindicating business cannot be learned.

The A. and M. College opened today with the largest first-day attendance in its history. Already every room in the dormitories is taken. Entrance examinations were held yesterday and 171 stood the examination. Out of this number twenty-five failed and were rejected.

Penitentiary Habeas Corpus Case.

At 10 o'clock this morning another habeas corpus case came up before Judge Montgomery, brought by a prisoner in the penitentiary, named John S. Mahan. The case is similar to that of Lee Summers, who was last week released on a similar proceeding. Mahan also, like Summers, is represented by J. C. L. Harris.

McMahan was convicted of murder in 1889 and sentenced to be hanged. Governor Fowle commuted his sentence to life imprisonment and on April 15th, last, Governor Russell commuted it to twelve years. This term Mr. Harris contends is now out if five days per month for good behavior be allowed from the date of the incarceration.

Heretofore, when a Governor wanted to turn loose a prisoner he would pardon him. Now he simply commutes the sentence of prisoners instead of giving them a pardon, and they go free, while Harris gets the commutation money in the way of fee. This amounted to $76 in the Summers case.

Activity of the Mormons.

Many people are alarmed at the activity of the Mormons in this and other sections of eastern North Carolina as already noted in the STAR. The elders candidly confess that it has been decided to push the work of spreading their faith in this State with all possible vigor.

The new cotton seed and cotton seed hull rate, promulgated yesterday by the corporation commission, will go into effect on the 15th day of September. It applies to the three principal railroad systems of the State—Seaboard, Southern and Coast Line—and their branches.

Two Negro Rapists.

Melville Parker and Andy McAdams, the two negro rapists brought here for safe-keeping from Durham, have been taken back to be tried this week for their crimes. True bills were found against them by the grand jury within an hour after they reached Durham. They will probably be tried to-morrow.

The city recently gave out the contract for purchase of new road and rock quarry machinery at the cost of over $3,000. The contract was awarded to an alderman of the city against a number of other bidders. This has caused much criticism, the people generally protesting against permitting any alderman or other officer of the city trading with the city. It opens the door to endless jobbery.

Infected Cattle.

Splenic fever has again broken out here. Four cows were yesterday discovered with it in a pasture beyond the A. and M. College. One of them is dead and another is very sick. Ticks two weeks old were found on them. Another cow at the Fair grounds was found infected. She was brought last Spring from Moore county. Prompt steps have been taken to stamp out the disease.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Judge Montgomery's Decision.

In the habeas corpus case of the convict John Mahan, Judge Montgomery to-day reversed his decision of last week in the Lee Summers case. He refused to grant the habeas corpus asked by Mahan, on the ground that the act of the Legislature says shortening of sentence by good behavior shall apply to convicts "sentenced for a term of years." A man whose death sentence is commuted is not sentenced for a term of years. Mahan's term will, therefore, not expire till next December.

The Executive Committee of the Baptist University to-day bought property adjoining the University for $25,000. It is known as the Adams residence, built about fifteen years ago, and was probably, the finest in the city at the time, being made of pressed brick and containing twenty-six rooms. It will be used as a dormitory. The rooms in the building just completed were found insufficient for a large number of boarders. It is expected by the president that the number of boarders at the opening will reach one hundred and twenty-five. This will be unparalled in the history of any sectarian school in the South for the first year.

Won Highest Honors.

Norfolk *Landmark:* North Carolina carried off highest honors at the opening shoot of the Inter State Shooting Association tournament, which began at Columbia Park yesterday. Though several States were represented by crack shots, the two representatives of the Old North State present, Mr. H. C. Bridgers ("Tarheel,") of Tarboro, and Colonel J. T. Anthony, of Charlotte, took first and second place, respectively, in the day's events. Mr. Bridgers made a total score of 141, and Colonel Anthony 137 out of a possible 150 targets.

DAMAGES FROM POLICEMEN.

Complaint in Case of Mercer vs. Davis, Woebse and George Filed—$5,500 Damages Asked.

Police Sergeant J. R. Davis and Patrolmen Leon George and H. H. Woebse were yesterday served by Sheriff McRae with a copy of the complaint in a suit instituted in the Superior Court by Mr. W. T. Mercer against them asking for damages in the sum of $5,500 and costs for an alleged false arrest of the plaintiff several months ago upon the occasion of a raid on one of the disreputable houses in the vicinity of Fourth and Castle streets.

The particulars of the arrest were published in the STAR at the times as was the full explanation of Mr. mercer.

The complaints are detailed as follows: Depriving the complainant of his liberties with power and without probable cause; unlawful arrest and false imprisonment with damage to complainant's character and reputation; expense in getting relief from arrest and damage to business; great mental agony and anxiety; gross negligence and carelessness of the officers.

L. V. Grady, Esq., of Wilmington and H. L. Stevens, Esq., of Warsaw, have been retained by Mr. Mercer as counsel.

The grand jury at the last term of the Criminal Court failed to bring in an indictment against the officers for assault and battery upon the same occasion.

How Is This?

The Mt. Olive correspondent of the Goldsboro *Argus* of Wednesday says: "Mr. Jas. W. Monroe, of Wilmington, was in town Sunday. We presume he intends abandoning the independent order of bachelorhood of our State. Judging from appearances he is tired of the secludedness of single life, and intends joining a domestic social order for the advancement of matrimonial harmony."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT.
Dwellings, Stores and Offices.
Apply to
D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent,
sep 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

New Arrivals!
Prunes, per pound.....10c
N. C. Hams, per pound.....12 1-2c
Northern Apples,.....40c
Cabbage and Turnips.
The Very Best Vinegar made, per gallon, 25c
CHICKENS AT ALL PRICES.
W. A. VOLLERS, 28 South Front street.
sep 7 3t

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,
the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

Cape Fear Academy.
[ESTABLISHED 1877.]
Classical, Scientific, Commercial.
Opens September 18th.
Rev. Dr. P. H. Hoge says of it:
"Since my son has been under your care I have carefully observed his progress, and find your school to be both stimulating and thorough while the discipline is firm and reasonable. I regard these as the most essential characteristics of a good school."
W. CATLETT, Principal.
sept 3 2w su tu fr

JUST RECEIVED TO-DAY.
California Peaches,
California Pears,
California Tokay Grapes,
New York, Bartlett and Seckel Pears,
Maryland and Delaware Peaches,
Aspinwall Bananas,
Japaness Plums.
FRESH CANDY, All Kinds.
Also, Best Cream in the city.
Inter-State 'Phone 132.
JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
sep 8 tf 204 Princess Street.

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--
LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.
On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads.
LARGE, AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.
Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.
Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON, Proprietress,
aug 17 tf D&W GIBSON, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF OFFER
To sell One Thousand Shares of Stock in The Durham and Northern Railway Company, owned by the city of Durham.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the City of Durham, held on the 25th day of August, 1899, it was ordered by said Board that, "The entire stock owned by the City of Durham in The Durham and Northern Railway Company, be offered for sale, as a whole, in the following manner: The City Clerk shall advertise for sealed bids, for said stock, to be opened on the 14th day of September, 1899, at twelve o'clock M., the City reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Each bid must be accompanied by five hundred dollars in cash, or a certified check for that amount on some responsible bank, as an evidence of good faith on the part of the bidder, which shall be returned to the owner if the bid be not accepted.

"If a sale be made, the proceeds thereof shall be placed to the credit of the sinking fund, provided for the payment of the bonds issued by the Town of Durham in aid of The Durham and Northern Railway Company, under Chapter 140 of the Laws of 1887, and the interest or dividend arising therefrom shall be applied and used to reduce the taxes collected for said funds."

By virtue of the foregoing resolution, I will receive bids as therein provided, until twelve o'clock M. of the 14th day of September, 1899. The stock to be sold consists of One Thousand Shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each. It was issued to the Town (now City) of Durham, in exchange for bonds of the par value of one hundred thousand dollars after a subscription to that amount had been made by said Town. Persons desiring further information may address me or Victor S. Bryant, City Attorney, at Durham, N. C.

GEO. W. WOODWARD, City Clerk.
August 27th, 1899.
aug 29 till sep 14

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
WHOLESALE ONLY
PROVISIONS
We have just received a nice consignment of
CHOICE, NEW CATCH
MULLETS.
Caught last week. Of nice size Clean, Bright and Fat.
Only a few of this kind on the market.
We solicit your orders.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
aug 29 tf A. C. L. tracks.

"ORTHOPEDIC"
They are called.
That excellent SHOE made by the Douglass Co. They are to the Gentleman's foot what the "Jenness Miller" is to the Ladies' foot, namely: Everything that could be desired in a Shoe.
We have just received new and fresh lots of
These Fine Shoes,
as well as a full lot of the
Duttenhofer's for Ladies.
We cordially invite the Generous Public to inspect our general stock for Fall and Winter before buying elsewhere.
School Shoes are in demand now. See ours.
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess.
sep 3 tf

September Mullets
9800 pounds Sept. Mullets.
200 Picnic Cheese.
25 tubs G. E. Butter.
900 bushels Va. Meal,
840 bushels Corn.
960 bushels R. P. Oats.
240 cases G. L. Powder,
100 cases Rex Powder.
111 cases Blue Ribbon.
48 cases R. & M. Powder.
214 barrels Sugar.
100 bags Sugar.
Prices cheerfully given.
W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.
sep 3 tf

THE WILMINGTON ACADEMY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
J. H. HARNLY, ANDREW J. HOWELL, Jr., Principals.
Opened September 1st for reception of Students wishing special instruction.
The regular classes will be organized Sept. 18th.
The School offers careful training in Academic Branches, as well as Bookkeeping, Shorthand, etc.
For information apply to THE PRINCIPALS, Y. M. C. A. Building.
aug 26 2w

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1899.

A DISTINCTION WITH A DIFFERENCE.

President McKinley has changed his position so much and talked so differently upon the Philippine question that we wouldn't be surprised at any position he may hereafter take. Before the ratification of the treaty under which he now claims sovereignty for the United States over the Philippine archipelago he was very conservative because if he had talked then as he talks now that treaty would never have been ratified, and we would have no need of an army of 60,000 men there to enforce recognition of our authority. The opposition to that treaty was based solely on the agreement to pay Spain the sum of $20,000,000 to turn the islands over to us, when we had not the remotest intention of claiming possession of them when in conjunction with the Filipinos we made war upon the Spaniards. Claiming authority over them was an afterthought and did not take full shape until after the commissioners who represented this country arrived in Paris. It was never intimated to the American people that an offer for the purchase was contemplated. If it had been the protest from this country would have been so loud and emphatic that it would never have been attempted.

Senators enough protested against it to prevent the ratification of that trade, but upon the virtual if not absolute assurance that it was not the intention to make that trade the basis of a claim for perpetual ownership enough of those Senators yielded to let the treaty go through, believing, on the representations made, that this would be the easiest solution of the problem presented in the Philippines.

It is as certain as anything that is not an indisputable matter of public record that admiral Dewey and the men who were with him in the fight that made him and them world-famous had no idea that they were fighting to establish American authority on those islands, for that would be making them play the game of duplicity with the Filipinos who were acting in co-operation with them on land. If those Filipinos then thought that this was the game, our soldiers would never have landed at Manila, and that $20,000,000 trade might never have been made. They made it, they thought they were buying some islands, and they were buying a war.

After the ratification of the treaty and the adjournment of Congress, Mr. McKinley took a trip into the Eastern States where the sentiment against the land-deal, and the policy of expansion was very decided, and he made some talks to the people talks in which he declared he had no policy as to the course to be pursued in the matter of the Philippines, and that from the ratification of the treaty it came within the province of Congress, as representative of the American people, to say what the policy should be. He was right in that.

But emboldened by the declarations of several Republican State conventions which have endorsed expansion and the use of powder and shot to carry it out, he has discovered that he has a policy and that policy is that the American flag must continue to fly over the Philippines whether the people of these islands consent or not. He claims that they are ours by virtue of the purchase, and constitutionally ours from the hour in which the Senate ratified the treaty. He thus takes advantage of the concessions made by the Senators who were opposed to the treaty and to forcible expansion, and having had the forms complied with he now declares that all the constitutional requirements have been met and these islands are as much and as legally ours as are Louisiana, Texas, Florida or Alaska.

There is no more parity between the acquisition of the territory he names and the Philippines than there is between white and black, or honesty and dishonesty. We purchased Louisiana and Florida and Alaska from nations with which we were on friendly terms, whose right to sell or give title was not disputed, and without any protest from anyone. The reasons that prompted these purchases were not of the land-grabbing kind nor mercenary, but were based on prudent foresight, wisdom and patriotism.

Up to the purchase of Louisiana our Western boundary was the Mississippi river. Up to the purchase of Florida our Southern border was the lower end of Georgia and Alabama. On the principle that a man who can, and fears that undesirable people might locate on land too near him, buys that land to control it himself, we bought Louisiana and Florida, and Texas was annexed and taken into the Union at her own request. The Louisiana territory purchased is now divided into a dozen sovereign States, filled with American people, who enjoy all the rights and privileges of the older States. There were no subjugation, no colonies, no dependencies, no "benevolent assimilation" rot in this. It was the honest, straightforward dealing of honest men, which extended the lines of the Republic, and thereby brought honor and not discredit to its flag.

THE TRANSVAAL MINES.

If gold had not been discovered in the Transvaal there would have been little cause for trouble between the Boers and the British. There would have been little, if any, immigration to the Boer country, and the Boers would have been permitted to pursue their usual and favorite callings and to govern themselves without any interference from others. But the rich gold finds brought about a hundred and fifty thousand fortune hunters, nearly all of them British subjects, into the territory and then the trouble began. Some idea of the value of these mines, and why they are a factor in the contention between the British and the Boers, may be gathered from the following, which we clip from the Philadelphia *Record*:

"Notwithstanding the political upheaval in the Transvaal region of South Africa which has kept the country in a turmoil of excitement for many months and has apparently brought it to the verge of war, the production of gold from the Witwatersrand mines increases wonderfully month by month. The shipments from this region in July last exceeded all previous records, and the increase during seven months of this year over the same period of last year (which was a record breaker) amounts to 31 per cent. The output in July, as reported by cable to the London *Economist*, was 456,474 ounces. The African native gold averages in value $17 an ounce, but assuming the average value to be $16.50 an ounce we find that the money value of the July production was $7,531,821, or at the rate of over $90,000,000 a year. The total output for seven months was 3,042,339 ounces, being an increase of 721,333 ounces over that of the same period of the previous year.

"Assuming the average value, as before, at $16,00 an ounce, the value of the outturn for seven months exceeded $50,000,000. Such figures are almost startling, and the question arises, is it possible that production on such a great scale could continue even if war with the Boers shold be averted?

"Gold mining in South Africa resembles iron mining in the Lake Superior region, from the fact that the metal is not visible to the naked eye in the form of grains or nuggets, but is distributed sparsely through the matrix or earth, and if the ore contains one ounce of gold to the ton it is considered rich. In order to recover the precious metal thus disseminated complicated matallurgical processes are necessary and very costly machinery is required. The investment of British capital in the mines must be stupendous in amount, and one of the serious questions causing great anxiety in England to-day is: 'What will happen to the mines in case of war with the Boers?'

"The mines and machinery would be at the mercy of the Boers during hostilities, and in case of ultimate victory the property would presumably fall into their hands by right of conquest. In addition to the actual investment by English capitalists of millions of pounds sterling in the various mining plants, the English and American mining engineers, who have made a thorough exploration of the gold bearing district by means of the diamond drill, reported about a year ago that the gold 'in sight' amounted, by calculation, to about $4,000,000,000, and that at then rate of working it would take half a century to exhaust the mines."

One of the complaints is that through monopolies the Government of the Republic levies excessive tribute upon the miners and other business interests, and that President Kruger is interested in these monopolies, all of which may be so, but notwithstanding this, if true, the operators of these mines seem to have a pretty good thing, judging from the figures the *Record* gives.

Canada draws a pretty large revenue from the gold mines in the Klondike. She makes the laws which govern them, and although many of these mines are worked by Americans, and the tribute imposed is regarded as excessive, the "Outlanders" in the Klondike haven't felt that this was sufficient cause for the interference of their Governments. But as the mines in the Transvaal were a factor in the present complications, it may be that the immense interests now involved may be a factor in preventing war.

It is said that English and German capitalists are investing largely in Cuba, and crowding out Americans, who seem to be somewhat timid about investing at present. It will be about the same way in the Philippines. Our pole knocks the persimmons and the other fellows get them.

WHY BEEF IS HIGH.

A few days ago we referred to the advance in the price of beef and gave some of the alleged reasons for the advance. One of these put forward in defence of the beef combines which have been putting up prices was the decrease in the number of cattle, caused, they say, by exhausted pasturage, excessive cold winters, &c., in which there may be some truth, but the more probable cause of the decrease, will be found in the following, which we clip from the St. Louis *Republic*:

"A glance at comparative statistics taken from reports in the Agricultural Department shows that the number of cattle in the country twenty years ago, excluding milch cows, was 21,408,100, that it rose to 37,651,239 in 1892 and at the beginning of the present year had fallen to 27,994,225.

"With a growing population and a big demand abroad, a reduction in the cattle supply of 10,000,000 head in seven years appears puzzling at first view. It would seem that with an increase in the number of home consumers and in the volume of foreign consumption, the contrary ought to have been the case, and that the farmers should have been stimulated to raise more beef.

"Under normal conditions such would have been the result. But the Beef Trust, called by some the Packers' Combine, has managed, by steadily forcing down the price of cattle, to squeeze out the profit of farmers and range owners, until breeding has been discouraged and the supply has been reduced 25 per cent. in seven years.

"All this time the Beef Trust has been running up the price to consumers, until to pay it has become a hardship for thousands of persons and an impossibility for other thousands.

"The Beef Trust's method is the general formula of the whole trust brood to squeeze the producer at one end of the line and gouge the consumer at the other."

A rapidly increasing population in our own country, with an increasing demand for foreign consumption, and such a decrease in cattle as herein noted from official sources, would naturally cause an advance in price, but with the squeezing process the decrease in the number of cattle is quite as natural. Even with increased effort to make up the shortage it will take a good while to get back to the normal supply, and this is one reason why Southern farmers should give more attention than they do to raising cattle, for which their section presents exceptional advantages, and where they are not at the mercy of the cattle combines, as the cattle raisers in the West and Southwest are. While there are good markets now, a large increase in the number of cattle would result in the establishment of slaughtering plants in the South, which would make more home markets upon which the cattle raisers could rely.

A New Jersey man who contemplated suicide to get out of that State suddenly changed his mind. It came about in this way. He wanted to kill himself but didn't want to go alone, so he proposed to his wife to join him. The proposition didn't strike her favorably, whereupon he got mad and struck her. Then she got mad and struck him, jumped on him and pounded him until he forgot all about the original proposition. At last accounts he was resignedly wearing about two yards of plaster.

Senator Hanna is speeding home to take a hand in the Ohio fray and soon the contribution hat will be speeding 'round.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Dreyfus case the other day turned on the date of the bordereau. The original date of that precious screed was September. It was first changed to August, then to May, and has now been put back to April, all for the sake of proving that Captain Dreyfus wrote it. Whatever the need, there is always a forgery to meet it.—*New York Tribune, Rep.*

—— The Boer force is said to be double that which the English can, at least at this tine, bring against them. The former have always been noted for their cool courage under fire and for their splendid marksmanship. So, the British soldiers will be going up against something worse than the undisciplined Arabs of the desert.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

—— It is said that a settlement of the Alaskan boundary question has been practically agreed on, Canada to be excluded from the Lynn Canal, but allowed a port of entry thereon in case she cannot have a permanent harbor by the final terms of agreement. The question is not worth disputing over in point of fact, and nothing gives it even the seeming importance it has to-day but the gold-hunting interests developed there. But, these can hardly be deemed permanent.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— If Gen. Mercier's statment, "Either Dreyfus is guilty or I am," be accepted as true it is about time for the general to begin making preparations for an unwelcome verdict, at least so far as the people of England and America are concerned. The court may hold its decision, but the evidence so far submitted points to the conclusion that certain generals and others in France believe Dreyfus guilty on general principles regardless of evidence.—*Chicago News, Ind:*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.
Wilmington, Grace, Oct. 20-23.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Oct. 28-29.
Bladen, Windsor, Nov. 4-5.
Clinton, Clinton, Nov. 11-12.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 18-19.

R. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Mount Olive *Advertiser*: A number of our leading farmers predict that the cotton crop in this immediate section will be 25 to 30 per cent. less than the average yield.

— Raleigh *Post*: Hon. Frank I. Osborne, of Charlotte, who has been in the city for several days, returned home yesterday. Mr. Osborne says Mecklenburg will give fully a majority of 1,500 or 2,000 for the constitutional amendment. He says there is no doubt but that the amendment will be carried by a large majority.

— Gastonia *Gazette*: The heavens and the earth hereabouts were lighted up about dusk Monday night by a meteor of exceeding brilliancy. Those who saw it say that it started almost overhead as a small shooting star, then increased in volume and brilliance as it shot towards the southwest until it looked like a great seething electric light. It then burst into fragments, leaving a long distinct trail that gradually faded out. Many saw the light who did not see the meteor.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Geo. William Hobbs, of Halls, a prominent citizen of this county, died on Friday, after a lingering illness. He had been in feeble health for several years, and recently suffered a stroke of paralysis, since which time he has been gradually sinking. Mr. Hobbs was aged seventy-nine years. ——Mr. Henry S. Hobbs, of Halls, had the misfortune of losing his dwelling and smoke house and contents of both by fire Saturday night. His loss is about $1500 with no insurance. The fire originated from a stove in the kitchen it is said.

— Salisbury *Truth*: A. G. Cummings, manager and part owner of the Copper King gold and copper mine, a few miles out from Salisbury, is enthusiastic about the property, which he says is showing up with wonderful richness, principally in copper. Ore in large quantities is now being shipped daily to New York by way of Spencer. It is the intention of the owners to shortly begin the erection of a large smelter just north of Spencer, with a capacity for treating one hundred tons of ore per day and with the lastest electrical appliances for separating the gold from the copper.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: On Wednesday morning Mr. Sol Mitchell, who lives at Barnes' mill, about 20 miles from Raleigh was drowned in a peculiar manner. In the course of duties about the mill he saw a small defect in the dam that he thought ought to be remedied. He undertook to do so, standing below the dam and driving with a hatchet. He had struck hardly a dozen blows when the whole dam suddenly gave way and the water rushed down, submerging him and hurling him along the bed of the stream for a mile to the river below, where his body was found later in the day. So mighty was the force of the water that it tore every shred of clothes from his body, crushed his head and bruised and mangled his limbs.

TWINKLINGS.

— She—"I wouldn't be silly, Algy, if I were you." He—"Of course not, but not being me, you can't help it."—*Moonshine.*

— Still in the Ring—Truth rose again with great difficulty. "I am not crushed," it said, "but I am pretty badly censored."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Solemn Affairs: Inquiring Child—"Papa, why do people cry at weddings?" Papa (abstractedly)—"Most of them have been married themselves."—*New York Weekly.*

— The Gentleman from Chicago—"Stranger, can you tell me where there is a good place to stop at?" The Citizen of Boston—"Just before the 'at.' Good-day, sir."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Clara—"What do you say to our taking a nice long tramp in the country early in the morning?" Maude—"But we have never been introduced to any nice long tramp"—*Chicago News.*

— "Why do you stand staring at that steam engine all the time? Why not look at the other displays?" "No, I'll remain here. This is something my wife will not ask me to buy."—*Fliegende Blaetter.*

— Accounted For: Mr. Pitt—"Isn't it odd that in so many robberies in Chicago a long and a short man were implicated?" Mr. Penn—"Not at all. The short man was the victim after he was robbed."—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegram.*

— "I thought you were going to make an attack on the Americans." "They didn't give us a chance," replied the Filipino chief. "What was the matter? Did they run away?" "No; they sent out a scouting party and chased us away."—*Chicago Post.*

— "Do you believe Dreyfus is guilty?" "Of course I do," answered the French army officer fiercely. "Guilty of what?" "Guilty of trying to prove his innocence, of course. Anybody ought to be able to see that!"—*Washington Star.*

— "Well, little chap," said the stranger in the family, picking up one of the children, "what are you going to be when you're a man?" "Nuffin," said the child. "Nothing! Why so?" asked the stranger. "Because," said the child, "I'm a little girl?"—*Tit-Bits.*

— "Aren't you going to denounce that iniquitous combine?" asked the friend. "Not yet," answered Senator Sorghum. "I'll do it before the campaign gets under way, but I'm afraid the deal isn't secure enough on its feet to warrant me in making any grand stand plays at present. I might spoil it."—*Washington Star.*

A novelty in capes is a broad scarf of crepe de chine draped round the shoulders. In some instances it is shaped a little by a yoke, but the simple straight scarf three-quarters of a yard wide and long enough to fall to the knees after it is knotted is quite as good style.—New York Sun.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The profits of the bank at Monte Carlo for the season are placed at $5,000,000.

The medical directory gives the names of 34,994 physicians in England. This is nearly twice the number that France boasts—17,785.

Last year silver with a market value of $150,000,000 was added to the world's stock. There is nearly four times as much silver in use as 40 years ago.

There was a lively football match near Glasgow recently in which the spectators took part, with the result that 19 policemen had to be taken to the hospital.

A silk handkerchief, so often recommended for wiping eyeglasses or spectacles, is not good for this purpose, as it makes the glasses electrical and causes the dust to adhere to them. The best wiper for this purpose is fine tissue paper.

Secretary Wilson is determined to discover if a human being can live comfortably in the coldest portion of Alaska, and has sent there to experiment in gardening Professor C. C. Gorgensen, a Dane, who is an expert in northern agriculture, and who will start a stati at Sitka.

SUGAR CANE.

How to Plant, Cultivate, Grow, Fancy Kinds, Etc.

Sugar cane may be planted in the fall just before time for early freezes, which would kill its "eyes," or it may be put in piles and covered with earth and its leaves till about the middle of January. In fact, it may be planted any time after maturity in the fall up to the time of beginning growth in the spring, just so it is not subjected to freezing weather. If planted in the spring, cover about as deep as corn; if in the fall, cover as deeply as possible and drag off in the late winter, when danger from freezing in the ground is past.

In planting at any time care should be used to have the ground in condition to suit other growing crops, and the cane should be planted about four inches below the level surface of the ground to insure deep roots. The rows are to be about four feet apart or a little more. Always cultivate shallow and keep comparatively level at first. As the cane begins to joint above the ground begin to bed the ground up to it. It soon gets top heavy, and if not well supported with earth, into which each joint covered sends out roots to aid in its support, it will easily blow down. It is usually laid by in July or August, when its leaves shade the ground. A good practice is to follow the last plowing with hoes and drag the earth up well about the roots, making a high, rounded top bed.

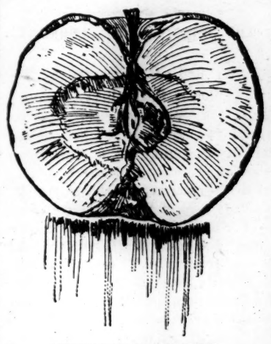
Never plant whole canes unless they are less than two feet in length. Cut them in two if they are longer than that, because if the canes are left whole the entire length of the cane will go into a small number of the "eyes," and a too thin stand is the result. Fifteen feet of cane of any sort, not injured by frost or otherwise, should plant ten feet of rows.

If one wishes to grow fancy sugar cane, let him always select the best stalks for planting and then take only one planting out of each cane, selecting that piece from the longest joints, but do not get closer the root than about two feet, and reject the top of the stalk.

A Texas planter whose advice, originally given in The Farm and Ranch, is here presented, concludes as follows: I am growing sugar cane here for chewing only, and have grown it more extensively in Florida. One stalk weighed six pounds. I have five varieties—red cane, white cane, red ribbon cane, green ribbon cane and green cane. Teach people to call sugar cane sugar cane, sorghum sorghum and millet millet.

A Promising New Apple.

One of the latest and most valuable successes of Luther Burbank of California is, as it seems to a writer in The



SEEDLING OF GRAVENSTEIN.

Rural New Yorker, an apple, a seedling of the Gravenstein, of which Mr. Burbank wrote as follows:

"By this mail I send you a medium to small sample of my new Gravenstein seedling, six weeks later than its parent, ripening exactly with Baldwin and Rhode Island Greening. The tree is a grand grower and as productive as an apple can possibly be. I think the quality, tenderness and texture remarkable."

Of the specimen in question, a half section of which is illustrated, The Rural says: The apple was slightly shriveled when it was received. The flesh is yellowish, exceedingly tender, spicy, rich, subacid. It has a flavor all its own, and we do not think, taking it all and all, that we have ever eaten an apple that more nearly approaches all that we need ever hope to get in an apple. In appearance and coloring we may say, in a word, that it resembles the Ben Davis.

Cotton Growing.

At the recent National Farmers' congress at Fort Worth Hon. E. S. Peters, president of the Texas Cotton Growers' association, said among other things: In the production of cotton to obtain the best results the land must be broken up in the fall and winter so as to get the winter rains and frosts. Chopping cotton and getting it to stand is the most expensive part in the cultivation of a crop. The cost of the cultivation of cotton varies according to the character of the land. In the rich alluvial bottom, where there is rank vegetation, it costs more to cultivate this land than it does upland. The cost of production has been estimated all the way from 3 to 10 cents per pound. There are conditions where the person owns his place, is satisfied with the bare necessities of life and compels his wife and children to work in the field, for which they receive no pay and are deprived of all home comforts and raised up in ignorance by not being able to attend school. Cotton raised under these conditions possibly might be produced for less than 5 cents per pound. Now, one word to the farmers. Plant everything that you need to eat and drink, and raise everything at home, buy nothing on credit, and do not under any circumstances plant more cotton than you can gather yourself without the aid of your wife and children.

Advice.

There was some one or other who had a quaint way
Of merrily saying "Furgit it!"
Don't keep on bewailing your lot day by day.
It isn't your duty, so quit it.
There's no use complaining of how things are run.
This earth has its sorrow and likewise its fun.
If you find you can't right any mischief that's done,
'Furgit it! Furgit it! Furgit it!'

Grim winter has lingered, but gnarly old trees
Strive for blooming and murmur "Furgit it!"
And the echo is caught by the whispering breeze.
Regret? They would never permit it.
Our troubles we've had, and we'll have them again,
But when solace invites only folly seeks pain.
Let us grieve when we must and till them sound the strain,
"Furgit it! Furgit it! Furgit it!"

—Washington Star.

The greatest age which any species of insect has ever been known to attain is 15 years. This feat was accomplished by an ant which had been tenderly cared for by a certain naturalist for that length of time.

A Boston reporter has made a trip from Boston to New York by trolley cars, with only a break of 57 miles, which had to be covered by means of regular railroad facilities. The time occupied was 49 hours.

Professor Thomas B. Stillman of Stevens institute says that the impregnation of wood by fireproofing material is "complete and permanent," and he advises that the use of such wood in buildings be made compulsory by law.

THE SCISSORS STILETTO.

An Ugly Little Weapon Carried by Spanish Women.

The Spanish are generally reputed to be a quick, hot tempered race, a people who on small provocation resort to deadly weapons to avenge a wrong or slight. The stiletto, a small dagger with a keenly pointed, slender blade, is a favorite with these people, partly because of its size and perhaps more because of its certainty, as its keen point and slender blade do not require much force to make it effective. These stilettos are made in many styles, but the strangest to the American mind is one made as a pair of scissors. This is a form much affected by the women, as it is doubly useful, and, in the very nature of things, is most likely to be near at hand.

They are made like an ordinary pair of scissors, except that the "shank," or that part between the finger loops and the rivet, is perfectly straight and is inlaid with pearl. Just at the point where the blades cross is a "guard" similar to the same thing on a hunting knife, to prevent the hand slipping when the instrument is used as a weapon. From the "guard" to the ends of the blades they are slender and tapering to a fine point. When opened, this is an ordinary pair of scissors, but when closed it becomes a perfect and a dangerous stiletto.

A great many women always carry these scissors with them. They are carried in a sheath like any dagger and thrust in the bodice, where they are very handy in case of need. The Spanish and Spanish-American woman is a very passionate, resentful creature, and when roused a most dangerous one, who will not hesitate to draw her stiletto and use it. They are very quick and expert in the use of this weapon, and woe to the luckless one who incurs their anger or hatred, for their thrust is sure and deadly.—Detroit Free Press.

Farmer Thrifty got the idea that if he could keep a horse without the cost of feeding, it would be a great economy, so he reduced the horse's food a little every day. Unfortunately just as the experiment promised to succeed, the horse laid down and died. Farmer Hardsense says Farmer Thrifty was a fool. But there are people as much worse

than old Thrifty as it is more foolish to work your own body under starvation conditions, than your horse's. But every farmer has plenty to eat. Yes, but it isn't what is eaten, it is what nourishment is obtained from food that decides the question of starvation. It wouldn't do the farmer any good to run a stack of wheat through a thrashing machine which was so out of gear that it didn't get the grain out of one head of wheat in fifty. That's just the way with the disordered stomach. It doesn't get the good out of the food that is eaten.

There is no medicine will so quickly act on the organs of digestion and nutrition, and put the stomach in perfect working order, as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It makes pure blood, and rich blood, and puts the body on a plane of perfect health.

"I suffered for six years with constipation and indigestion during which time I employed physicians, but they could not reach my case," writes Mr. G. Popplewell, of Eureka Springs, Carroll Co., Arkansas. "I felt there was no help for me. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and little 'Pellets,' and improved from the start. I am now in good health."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the bowels healthy.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard	7	@	7¼
Burlaps	5	@	5½
WESTERN SMOKED			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾	@	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	13½	@	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	@	4 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6	@	7
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	28 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 25	@	2 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	9 00	@	10 00
Mill, Prime	7 50	@	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 00
Common Mill	5 00	@	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x30 Heart	3 00	@	3 50
" Sap	2 00	@	2 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95c for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at —— per barrel for hard, $2.60 for Dip and $2.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½@28c; rosin quiet at $1.00@1.05; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine firm at $1.10@1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	60
Rosin	412
Tar	122
Crude Turpentine	51

Receipts same day last year.—142 casks spirits turpentine, 746 bbls rosin, 130 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 "	"
Low Middling	5 7-16 "	"
Middling	5⅞ "	"
Good Middling	6¼ "	"

Same day last year middling 5¼c.

Receipts—627 bales; same day last year, 136.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime 90c. Extra prime, 95c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.00. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm: 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Money on call firm at 4@6 per cent., the last loan at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾@486¼ for demand and 483¾@483½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 484 and 487½. Commercial bills 482½. Silver certificates 59@59¾. Bar silver 59. Mexican dollars 47½. Bonds—U. S. 2's, registered, 100½; U. S. 3's, registered, 108½; do. coupon, 108¾; U.S. new 4's, regist'd, 130½; do. coupon, 130½; U. S. old 4's, regist'd, 111¼; do. coupon, 113; U. S. 5's, registered, 111½; do. coupon, 111½; N. C. 6's 129; do. 4's, 104½; Southern Railway 5's 109⅝. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 53¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 28; Manhattan L 113⅛; N. Y. Central 138; Reading 22¾; do. 1st preferred 60¾; St. Paul 134⅜; do. preferred 178½; Southern Railway 12¾; do. preferred 54⅛; American Tobacco, 128⅜; do. preferred 145; People's Gas 118⅞; Sugar 155¼

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms, one cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

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NEWS AND OPINIONS

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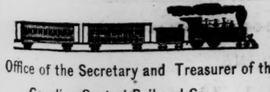
NOTICE.



Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., SEPT. 6TH, 1899.

The regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 5th day of October, A. D., 1899, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. SHARP,
Secretary.

sep 7 till oct 5

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

FISH, MEAL, FLOUR.

2000 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
2000 BUSHELS WATER GROUND MEAL.
400 BBLS BEST STRAIGHT FLOUR.
200 BBLS BEST PATENT FLOUR.
500 FISH KEGS.
20 BOXES MAHOGANY TWIST TOBACCO.
50 BOXES 9 INCH 6's TOBACCO.
50 CADDIES 6 INCH 8's TOBACCO.
50 CADDIES SCHNAPPS TOBACCO.
150 CADDIES CELEBRATED HATCHET TOBACCO BEST 6 INCH 58 OFFERED ON ANY MARKET. TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

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About Razors and Things.

We do not run a "Tonsorial Parlor," but we conduct a **First-class Barber Shop.** Within the past thirty days our patronage has more than doubled; but there is "always room for one more" customer.

Call at No. 7 South Front street.

ED. GUION,
CORNELIUS DAVIS.

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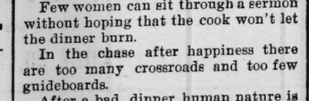


LITERATURE.

Down South It Always Makes 'Em Talk of Land.

"What is the field for a first class magazine in the south?" was the question of a literary gentleman.

"Well," was the reply, "there are a thousand acres of field for it—good, fallow field and well timbered territory, but"—

"That's just what everybody says," he interrupted. "They invariably hedge with a 'but' or an 'if' in answering my question. I know what they would say. It's a question of sufficient capital. But I've got my own opinion on that line. The south doesn't want a first class southern magazine!"

"That's a strong statement!"

"But a true one. Now, I've talked to a dozen men in a dozen days about a great southern magazine. All thought we should have one, but the minute they discovered that I controlled the capital for such an enterprise they switched me off on a real estate track and tried to sell me land and buildings! Fact, sir. And I couldn't get 'em to talk magazine after that! Why, the biggest literary man in a certain Georgia county, to whom I naturally looked for sympathy, tried to unload three farms and a prospective gold mine on me as soon as I told him I thought of investing in a southern magazine!"

"And do you still think of investing?"

"Not now," he said. "They've got me in the real estate business too!"—Atlanta Constitution.

High Lights.

Life is a bureau drawer which sticks, and through a crack we helplessly thrust our fingers at the things we would like to reach.

Woman can't throw a stone, but when she drops a flowerpot out of a window she always hits somebody.

The ideal woman is one whose preserved strawberries hold out until fresh strawberries get cheap.

Three-fourths of the bread cast upon the waters returns because it has a string tied to it.

Few women can sit through a sermon without hoping that the cook won't let the dinner burn.

In the chase after happiness there are too many crossroads and too few guideboards.

After a bad dinner human nature is cross; after a good dinner it is stupid.

Man's experience is like his spectacles—seldom a good fit for any other man.

You cannot forgive a friend without lowering yourself in his estimation.—Chicago Record.

Astronomical.

They were on the quarter deck looking at a comet and noticed an eager discussion among the crew forward. The captain called one of the men aft and asked him what was the subject of discussion.

"We were trying to make out what that there thing was," replied the man, pointing to the comet.

"And what do you imagine it is?"

"Dunno, your honor; but Bill Squib here, as knows most things, says as how it's a star that's sprung a leak!"—Tit-Bits.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Warmed Over Dishes—Fireplace Curtains and Mantel Drapery—A Glue Cement.

During the short, cold days of winter, cooking becomes rather more of a task than in milder weather, when there are more hours of daylight in which to work and plan. Sometimes work will get crowded together and ways and means must be devised to keep one day's work from encroaching on another, equally as full of its allotted work. It occurs in all households that there is less to do some days than others. On those of comparative leisure prepare such food as may be warmed over. It may not always be the very best, but there are ways to have certain varieties every whit as good as when freshly cooked.

The winter squash warms over and is as good, if not better, the last day as the first. Cut the squash in half, clean out the seeds and stringy insides, and put it in the stove to cook. Scrape out the inside with a strong spoon when it is done. Beat it smooth or mash it with the potato masher and season to taste with sugar and milk and spice if liked. Fill a deep dish or pan with it, and set it in the stove to brown.

Macaroni and cheese is as good warmed over as when freshly cooked. Break the macaroni in 1 or 2 inch pieces and boil in salted water for 20 minutes. Drain off part of that water and add milk enough to cover and boil half an hour longer. Have ready cheese cut in bits or grated and fill a deep dish with alternate layers of the macaroni and cheese and when full pour the milk over it and set in the stove to brown.

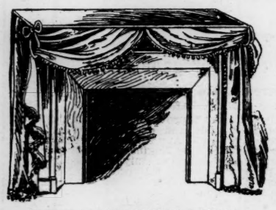
There are several ways to prepare macaroni and cheese, varying according to the ingredients on hand. The taste is enough without more extensive seasoning. However, it is an elegant dish when the macaroni is well scalded in salted water and then boiled in sweet milk until it can be beaten smooth with a spoon. Add butter, eggs and grated cheese and set in the stove to brown. Always season the dish, however prepared, with black pepper, cayenne and a little salt.

Meat pies are always enjoyed in cold weather, and several may be made at one time, warming them over as needed. Backbone or pork chine, steak or birds, are stewed in boiling salted water till tender. A deep dish or pan is lined with pastry and filled in with the stewed meat, adding thin strips of the pastry all through and seasoning with red and black pepper. When full, the dish has a top crust of pastry added. Puncture the pastry with a fork to let out the steam, and set the dish in the oven to brown.—Housekeeper.

Fireplace Curtains.

The pretty curtains and mantel drape shown may be carried out in plushette or art serge. If the top of the mantelpiece is narrow, a board should be made about 14 inches wide and 6 feet long. This, however, must be regulated by the size of the fireplace and of the room it is in. The board is fixed on the top of mantelpiece by wooden bars with a hole, fixed on by long screws. These bars can be turned under the top of mantelpiece, and thus fix it at each end. An iron bar should be attached to under part of this board by two iron hooks. This is for the curtains to be hung on by small brass rings or by passing the rod through a slide in the top of curtain.

The curtain on the right hand side is cut just the length from the rod to the floor and is edged with ball fringe. It is



FIREPLACE AND MANTEL DRAPED.

drawn back and hangs straight. The left curtain is cut the same length, but is wider. The width must be regulated by size of fireplace.

Line with Roman satin or sateen and edge with ball fringe, draw to the center of rod, take a piece of the material about 20 inches wide and one-half yard longer than half the length of board, sew ball fringe on one side and end; fix the untrimmed side to the rod, drape it up to the corner with a loop of cord. Cover the board with a straight piece of material edged with cord, bring it down over the edge of board in front; loop up the left curtain by cord, which should be passed through a hole in curtain, drawn over the outside, then tied in a knot and either sewed or nailed to the corner of board.

A Glue Cement.

This is unrivaled for cementing paper, cloth, leather, earthenware, wood, etc. Soak one pound of white fish glue for four hours in 80 fluid ounces of cold water. Turn into a glue pot and slowly stir in four ounces of dry white lead, previously mixed in two fluid ounces of hot water. Place the glue pot over the fire for ten minutes. Then allow the contents to cool to about 100 degrees F. This temperature achieved, stir in vigorously four fluid ounces of 90 per cent alcohol, and the cement is complete. It will dry very rapidly when applied to any material, is nonelastic and extremely hard. Should it be required pliable, add from two to four ounces of glycerin.

Use of Eggshells.

If eggshells are carefully washed after the eggs have been taken out, there can be no objection to having them used for clearing coffee. Otherwise one does not know what germs or abominations may cling to them. Crushed eggshells (also scrupulously clean) are useful for purifying cruets, water bottles, etc.

Room to Spread.

"How are you, Jerry?"

"Tol'ablelike. How's the folks, Si?"

"Peart. You uns all well?"

"Yes, all 'cept fawther. He's poorly."

"What's allin him?"

"Measles."

"Hey? Got the measles in your neighborhood?"

"Gittin them around there in spots, like."

"Spreadin much?"

"Well, they're spreadin purty much all over fawther, an he weighs mighty nigh 800."—Chicago Tribune.

An Editor's Reformation.

For over a year The Ledger has been stealing from its exchanges without a qualm of conscience. Notice is hereby given that our better nature has asserted itself, and everything will be credited hereafter. Tell you why. Saw an item in a western exchange stating that a woman was composed of 480 muscles, 320 bones and 250 pins. Copied it as original. Woman read it. Called us a liar. Had concealed on her person 560 pins. Hereafter items will be credited, and the blame of false statements will fall where it belongs.—Roscoe (Pa.) Ledger.

Well Trained Animals.

"You've seen my little dog chasing his own tail and trying to bite it, haven't you?"

"Yes; all dogs do that."

"I know, but they don't do it as Fido does. He heard us one day call it his swallow tail act, and now he never does it till after 6 o'clock."—Chicago Tribune.

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,

It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jy 27 tf

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Mary E. Millis executrix of the estate of J. W. Millis, deceased, vs. M. E. Millis, et al. I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 2nd day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House of New Hanover county, in Wilmington, N. C., the following real estate in said city, to-wit:

A tract beginning at the intersection of Ninth and Wooster streets and running northwardly along 9th street 66 feet to Northrop and Cumming's line, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street 110 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Wooster street, thence eastwardly along Wooster street to the beginning, being part of Lot No. 6, Block 66.

2nd. A tract of land commencing 110 feet from the intersection of 9th and Wooster and running northwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Northrop and Cumming's line, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street 70 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Wooster street, thence eastwardly along with Wooster street 70 feet to the beginning, same being a part of Lot 6, Block 66.

3rd. A tract beginning at a point in the northern line of Wooster street 180 feet west of the western line of 9th street, running thence west with said line of Wooster street 67 feet, thence northwardly parallel with 8th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Wooster street 67 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 8th street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 6, Block 66.

4th. A tract beginning in the northern line of Wooster street at a point 135 feet west of the western line of 11th street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street 65 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 10th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly with the northern line of Wooster street 65 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 6, Block 68.

5th. A lot beginning at a point in Lot 3, Block 38, 84 feet from the western line of 9th street, running thence northwardly parallel with 9th street 88 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street 32 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 88 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Dawson street 32 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 2 and 3, Block 38.

6th. A tract beginning at the northwestern intersection of Mulberry and 14th street and running north with the western line of 14th street 101 feet, thence west parallel with Mulberry street about 80 feet to a drain or small branch, thence southeast and with the run of said drain or branch to the northern line of Mulberry street, thence with the northern line of Mulberry street east to the beginning, the same being that lot on 14th street than the whole Lot, and being the eastern end of Lot 5 and 6 in Block 470.

WILLIAM J. BELLAMY,
Commissioner.

sep 1 30t

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1831 — *Sixty-Ninth Year.* — 1899

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Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:36 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 9:29 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Ruther fordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:55 P. M. Arrives Shelby 6:05 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. — ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52.	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
3 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 12 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 30 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 49 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.38 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.28 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.50 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York †9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 3.50 A. M. Washington 4.80 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.31 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M. Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.53 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M. arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.30 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 2.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.06 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M. arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1899.

THE COMING CAMPAIGN IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Active Operations Will Begin in October. Captain Butler's Brush With the Enemy at San Rafael.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, September 7.—Small detachments of Filipinos make demonstration nightly around Imus, firing volleys upon the American outposts. The Americans have thus far not replied, except on Tuesday night, when two companies of the Fourth infantry sallied out and fired two volleys in the direction of the disturbers, who disappeared immediately.

The secret service has learned that Aguinaldo has preferred charges against the general commanding in the Cavite province for failing to obey an order to attack Imus.

Captain Butler, with three companies of the Third infantry, a detachment of cavalry, and one gun, while upon a reconnoisance met a body of rebels yesterday at San Rafael. The Americans scattered the enemy and captured seven prisoners, five rifles and three hundred rounds of ammunition. They also destroyed the rice stored in seven warehouses. The rebels are supposed to belong to the command of General Pico Del Pilar, who with his main force, retreated to the north. The reconnoisance will be continued, following the rebels to Maasin.

Campaign May Begin in October.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—The activity of the War Department officials and the close figuring that is being done regarding the available force in the Philippines, indicates an early movement. It has been known that a forward movement was contemplated in November, but there are now indications that the campaign may begin at least a month earlier if there should be favorable weather conditions.

By October 1st General Otis will have an army of 31,000 actual fighting men. It is believed by some officials of the army that such a force ought to begin an active campaign without delay, unless the weather conditions are such as to absolutely prevent.

Take Aguinaldo in the Rear.

With the arrival at Manila of the other troops now being raised, it is suggested they may be formed into another corps for the purpose of pursuing the Filipinos in some other part of the island of Luzon. In this connection it is known that many officers look with favor upon the suggestion that an army should be landed at Lygayen and move down the Ragagan right away, thus taking the army of Aguinaldo in the rear. This will necessitate the co-operation of the navy, and the officials of the Navy Department have consulted with the War Department as to what can be done to advantage in this direction. The navy has offered to send a squadron to Lygayen bay, subdue the town and occupy it, thus making a safe landing for the army, should the plan of attack be decided upon.

SITUATION AT KEY WEST.

American Physicians Attending Sixty-four Cases of Yellow Fever—Many Other Cases Not Reported.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—Telegrams to the surgeon general of the Marine Hospital Service from Surgeon Carter, now at Key West, state that up to last night the American physicians had reported sixty-four cases of yellow fever at that point. He estimated that the Cuban physicians were in attendance upon from one-third to one-half as many more cases, but as no reports have been made it is impossible to give accurate figures. Dr. Carter expresses the opinion that Dr. McLanahan, of the Navy Department, who is ill with fever, will recover.

A message to the surgeon general from Miami states that the one case reported from that point has been isolated.

Troops Embarked.

Surgeon General Sternberg received the following dispatch to-day from the medical officer at Key West:

"Troops embark on the transport San Marions to-night. All in excellent health."

It is quite probable, owing to the stringent quarantine regulations in Florida, that these troops will first be taken to New York and thence by rail to Fort McPherson near Atlanta, Ga.

General Merritt, at Governor's Island, has been notified of the departure of the Key West troops for New York and has been directed to assign them to such post as may be for the best interests of the service.

Another Case at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, September 7.—The Board of Health to-day announced a mild case of yellow fever at 1420 Polymnia street, making the third this season. It is isolated and the State and city boards of health and visiting experts agreed that there was no justification for any quarantine. Seventy-five physicians voluntarily reported that there was no suspicious cases in their practice.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Work On Connection to Make a Through Line From New York to Tampa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., September 7.—President J. S. Williams, of the Seaboard Air Line, with other officials, was here to-day. In an interview President Williams said:

"We are working on the connection that is to make a through line possible from New York to Tampa. On January 1st we will run through solid from New York to Tampa via Columbia and Savannah. We are now running into Savannah and Tampa from Columbia and work is being hurried on the stretch from Columbia to the Seaboard's main line."

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—Boston—Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 10; New York, 0.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 1; Washington, 5.

Chicago—Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 6.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; St. Louis, 2.

Louisville—Louisville, 7; Pittsburg, 4.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

THE CHANCES ARE AGAINST DREYFUS

Case Entered Upon Its Final Stage and Verdict Expected by Monday.

JUDGES' MINDS ARE MADE UP.

Refused to Receive Testimony of Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi—Major Carriere Began Pleadings for Prosecution—Trouble Feared.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, September 7.—To-day came the beginning of the end of the Dreyfus trial. With the speech of the government commissary, Major Carriere, the case entered upon the final stage of pleadings and the verdict will be delivered on Monday at the latest. There is even talk to-night of the ending of the trial to-morrow by holding an extra session for M. Labori's speech and the deliberation of the judges. This, however, is considered unlikely, as the government is anxious to have the judgment withheld over Sunday, in order to avert demonstrations which would probably develop bloodshed on a day when the workmen are free.

The government is not only fearful regarding Rennes, but is particularly concerned regarding Paris and other large towns where passions have been heated and where the verdict, either way it is given, is practically certain to give rise to trouble. It is understood that the government has intimated its desire to the president of the court martial, Colonel Jouaust, and there is no reason to believe that he will not fall in with its views.

Court Has Made Up Its Mind.

Colonel Jouaust this morning took the most important decision yet taken, and took it entirely upon his own responsibility, although he is undoubtedly only the mouth-piece of the whole body of judges. His decision to exclude the testimony of Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi was most significant, as it means that the court had already reached a conclusion, and that the pleadings of counsel were merely a waste of time and might be dispensed with if they were not a necessity.

The court has made up its mind, but which way? This is the vital point and forms the sole topic of discussion to-night. Both sides are equally confident that the court will decide in accordance with their view. The Dreyfusards declare that the judges cannot condemn Captain Dreyfus after rejecting the decisive evidence which Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi would have given in his favor.

The anti-Dreyfusards, on the other hand, explain to-day's rulings on the ground that the judges recognize that the evidence of the two military attaches would be worthless, because they would be morally bound to save their agent at any cost. A sample of this reason was given by an anti-Dreyfusard journalist, who, when praising Colonel Jouaust's decision, explained: "What could he attach to the testimony of Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi? The receiver of stolen goods must shield the thief as much as he can."

Rendering the Verdict.

From the popular point of view the scene in court when Colonel Jouaust delivers the verdict will be divested of its most sensational feature, owing to the absence of the central figure. Captain Dreyfus will be taken to an adjacent room when the judges retire to consider their verdict. A moment before they are to re-enter a bell will be rung, and as they take their places behind the long table on the stage the infantry guard will present arms and remain at present-arms while Colonel Jouaust, standing in the center of the platform, reads the verdict.

Dreyfus Will Not Be Present.

Captain Dreyfus will not be brought back to the court room, and will not be present at the public meeting of the judges; but, when the court room has been cleared by the gendarmes, which will be done as soon as Colonel Jouaust concludes, the reading clerk of the court will proceed to the room where Dreyfus will be waiting and read to him the verdict, in the presence of a couple of gendarmes.

The public will thus be robbed of the spectacle of his emotions, which are bound to be most profound, whether the decree sends him to the arms of his family or back to the penal settlement. The verdict may be a condemnation, an unequivocal acquittal, or a form of acquittal that would be equivalent to the Scotch verdict "not proven." The last will be the case if the judges should pronounce against him by a vote of four to three. That is, he would be freed, even though the judges in his favor should be in the minority. But this, naturally, would be very unsatisfactory, as he would carry the stigma for the rest of his days.

In Case of Conviction.

Captain Dreyfus thus has five chances against the prosecution's three. Unanimity, six to one, five to two, four to three, or three to four, will be set at liberty, while unanimity, six to one, or five to two, will convict him. If convicted, the judgment will be carried to the Military Court of Appeals, which will be a formal matter. The appeal court will only quash the judgment and order a re-trial, if it should be established that the present court martial has erred in a matter of procedure. This is in the highest degree improbable.

The Court of Cassation will also have the right to order a re-trial if it should decide that the court martial has deviated from its instructions. This is the only loop-hole for Dreyfus and his friends will undoubtedly fight this point tooth and nail.

Extraordinary measures have been taken to spirit Dreyfus away, whether acquitted or re-condemned. His departure from Rennes will be enveloped in the same mystery and secrecy as was his arrival.

M. Labori's Appeal.

Major Carriere, the government commissary, opened the proceedings to-day with the announcement that Eugene de Cernuschi, the Austro-Hungarian refugee, was sick and unable to attend the court to-day but held himself at the disposition of the court at his hotel.

M. Labori rose and said: "I have received notice that, for reasons of public policy, Major Panizzardi and Colonel Schwartzkoppen could not come to Rennes and testify before the court martial. But, I am also informed from the same source, that they would answer the questions of a commission sent by the court martial. I, therefore, beg the court to decide, as in the case of Lieutenant Colonel Du Paty de Clam, that Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi be examined by commission. The court will certainly understand that the defence must submit to the necessities of public policy which are, I have no doubt, similarly understood by the government of the republic. I shall therefore be glad if you will ask M. Palelogue, if, in this case, the telegraph might not be employed. I think such a method would be exceedingly rapid and I am convinced that the president of the court martial and the court martial itself will not refuse to allow the defence to ascertain the truth."

Counsel added that he would make a formal application to this effect.

Refused by the Court.

Colonel Jouaust, president of the court, invited the opinion of M Palelogue, who replied: "It is clear that considerations of public policy stand in the way of foreign military attaches appearing in a French court to testify in regard to facts of which they had cognizance in their diplomatic capacity. Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi will not attend the court martial.

"As regards the dispatch of a commission, I believe the foreign office will not oppose it. But I must make all reservations regarding the use of the telegraph. I do not know if that would be a regular proceeding."

M. Labori—But couriers can be employed.

M. Palelogue—I do not think the telegraph can be used.

Major Carriere—I do not oppose the appointment of a commission. It is a matter for the president to decide. There is no legal objection, providing we respect the provisions of the military code which do not permit the interruption of the trial. Such procedure must not be allowed to hinder the progress of the trial and must therefore be rapid.

M. Labori—I think it possible to make the procedure I propose very rapid. The military code provides for a suspension of forty-eight hours. On the other hand, the court might shorten its sittings, reducing them four hours each. In any case, I shall have the honor of formulating an application which I will submit to the court."

M. Labori then read his application.

The court retired to deliberate on the motion and on its return Colonel Jouaust read the judgment. He declared that the president of the court alone was competent to appoint a commission to interrogate Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi, and that the court unanimously pronounced itself incompetent to give effect to counsel's motion.

M. Labori asked Colonel Jouaust whether, seeing that he alone was competent, he refused to grant the application?

Colonel Jouaust replied: "I do."

At 10.15 A. M. Major Carriere began the speech for the prosecution. This was a signal for the military witnesses to retire, and headed by the generals they bowed to the judges and trooped out of the court, in accordance with the orders of the Minister of War, General de Gallifet, to start to rejoin their regiments within two hours of the beginning of the summing up of the prosecution.

GEORGIA MINUTE MEN.

Volunteer Company Offers for Service in the Philippine Islands.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., September 7.—Governor Candler's Minute Men, a company of 109 commissioned, non-commissioned officers and privates, composed of young men in Marietta, Macon and Atlanta, has made application with Secretary of War Root to be accepted as a company for service in the Philippines. The company was organized on August 22nd, officers were elected, and for three weeks the men have been drilling as a company in Atlanta at a secret rendezvous, waiting to hear if their services have been accepted by Secretary Root. With the tender of service to the Department went letters of recommendation and endorsement from Governor Candler Senators Bacon and Clay. The officers say that the company is ready to move at an hour's notice.

IN BEHALF OF DREYFUS.

Hebrews of Memphis, Tenn., Send a Petition to the German Emperor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 7.—Representative Hebrews here have sent the following cablegram to Emperor William of Germany:

Relying upon your imperial majesty's well-known sense of right, we Israelites of the city of Memphis, respectfully petition you to permit any evidence within your knowledge and which may subserve the interest of justice and truth in the Dreyfus case, to be submitted to the court martial sitting at Rennes. We are are emboldened to make this request from the fact that the whole civilized world is interested in the case on trial."

GUARDED BY TROOPS.

Trial of Henry Delagal, Charged With Criminal Assault On a White Woman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DARIEN, GA., September 7.—The case against Henry Delagal, colored, charged with criminal assault upon a white woman, out of which affair grew the recent riots, was given to the jury this afternoon. The trial was held behind closed doors, guarded by troops. The woman was in court with her child. There were no manifestations of either sympathy or anger. The defence introduced no evidence, relying upon the character of the prosecuting witnesses, as developed in the examination, to produce more than a reasonable doubt in the minds of the jurors. It took a longer time to secure a jury than to submit the evidence and arguments. A verdict is hardly looked for before morning.

HOMICIDE AT GEORGETOWN.

Negro Killed by a Chinaman in a Dispute Over One Cent.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., September 7.—News comes from Georgetown, S. C., than on Saturday Charley Chung, a Chinese laundryman, killed a young negro named James Porchor. Chung claimed that a balance of one cent was due him for laundry, a quarrel ensued and the Chinaman fired a pistol ball into the negro's abdomen. If Chung is found guilty of murder he will be the first Chinaman ever hanged in South Carolina.

The Hilton trophy match for the $2,000 military and naval challenge trophy, given in 1898 by the late Henry Hilton, was shot in the ranges at Sea Girt yesterday, and was won by New Jersey.

Three regiments of British cavalry, four regiments of infantry and three batteries of field artillery have been formally warned to prepare to leave their stations in India at the shortest notice for service in Africa.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

BOERS REQUEST AN EXPLANATION.

In Regard to the Mobilization of British Troops On the Transvaal Frontier.

BRITISH CABINET COUNCIL.

Doubtful If It Affords Relief From the Strained Situation—All Transvaal Artillery Called Out and Burghers Notified to be Ready.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, September 7.—At the desire of the Transvaal government there has been transmitted through Conyingham Greene, the British diplomatic agent here, to Sir Alfred Milner, the British high commissioner of South Africa, an inquiry as to whether an explanation would be given in regard to the mobilization of British troops on the Transvaal frontier.

Excitement in the Raad.

There was great excitement in the Raad to-day on Mr. Coetser's interpellation of the government regarding the presence of British troops on the borders and the stoppage of ammunition consigned to the Transvaal. President Ktuger, the members of the executive council, and most of the principal officials were present, together with a large representation of the general public, including many ladies.

At the outset, the chairman and president urged members to preserve calmness and to avoided insulting language.

The state secretary, F. W. Reitz, said he had called the previous day on the British diplomatic agent, Mr. Conyngham Greene, and had asked him what reply the government could give in the Volksraad regarding the alleged assembling of British troops on the borders, and whether Mr. Greene would communicate with the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner. The reply from Mr. Greene, he continued, had been received this morning and was in the following terms:

The British Reply.

"DEAR MR. REITZ—The following is Sir Alfred Milner's reply to the telegram which I sent him at your request:

"'I don't know to what Mr. Reitz refers when he alludes to the massing of troops. This must be the British troops in South Africa, the position and number of which are no secret; but it is a matter of common knowledge that they are here in order to protect British interests, and to make provision against eventualities.'"

Mr. Coetser and other members then made violent speeches, declaring that they could not understand Sir Alfred Milner's reply, since the Transvaal had never threatened the English colonies. "It is time," exclaimed Mr. Coetser, "for the Transvaal also to prepare for eventualities."

One member said: "England's action is like putting a revolver into a man's face."

Another concluded a war-like harangue in this strain: "It is time to send our Burghers to the borders to ask these troops what they want. The fire is bound to start. So let them light it and allow it to burn out. War is better than the present state of affairs. Business is ruined and the public treasury is drying up. Chamberlain is trying to ruin the country."

The debate continued throughout the afternoon.

Declaration of War.

Mr. Tosen, who declared that Sir Alfred Milner's reply was tantamount to a declaration of war, read a telegram from the field cornet of the Pietretief district, stating that the people there would rise in rebellion if President Kruger went to another conference.

The chairman called Mr. Tosen to order for saying that the Jameson raiders ought to have been hanged.

President Kruger, rising, said: "The aliens have been offered equal rights with the burghers, but have refused them. Mr. Chamberlain is striving to get the franchise, which the Outlanders do not want, but what he really desires is possession of the Transvaal. The burghers are willing to concede much for the sake of peace, but will never sacrifice their independence."

Kruger Urges Moderation.

After eulogizing Mr. Gladstone's action in retrocession in 1881 as a noble deed, President Kruger said that if it now came to fighting the Almighty would be the arbiter. He urged the members of the Raad to show moderation, reminding them that the reply from Mr. Chamberlain was en route and pointing out that if the proposal for a commission were agreed to the republic would send delegates to further discuss matters and if possible to make peace.

The speeches following the president's were more moderate in tone, and the Raad rose without passing any resolution.

LONDON, September 7.—If the Transvaal situation has changed at all since yesterday, it is for the worse. The Boer request for an explanation as to the massing of British troops on the frontier of the Transvaal has an ominous note of irritation and impatience, which, at such a critical stage, can scarcely be interpreted as anything but a defiance.

Both Sides Arming.

Both there and in Cape Colony the tension and the arming continue. Whether to-morrow's cabinet council will afford immediate relief is still a question of great doubt. The more conservative believe that the cabinet will only put a time limit upon the negotiations and that the interim will merely be a repetition of the anxious times which have marked the past few weeks.

Cape Town advices say the Afrikanders regard the latest Boer reply as evasive, while others regard it as designed to entangle the two governments in further negotiations. The average opinion of the British press is inclined to regard it as the straw which would break the back of the most long suffering diplomatic camel.

A Doubtful Statement.

The London edition of the *Standard and Diggers News*, the official Boer organ, to-day says:

"We can state that the diplomatic correspondence between the Transvaal and the Colonial office is of a reassuring nature and that the dispute has now narrowed to an issue which should make a settlement possible, and even speedy. The Transvaal is prepared for all eventualities, but remains hopeful of a peaceful settlement."

Nothing which can be learned here tends to confirm the foregoing statement, and owing to the pro-Boer source from which it emanates it is regarded with suspicion.

Burghers Notifed to Be Ready.

BLOEMFONTIAN, ORANGE FREE STATE, Sept. 7.—It is understood that all the Transvaal artillery has been called out and that the Burghers have been notified to be ready.

The latest reply of the Transvaal to Great Britain is regarded as marking the disappearance of the last hope of peace.

Boers Concentrating on the Border.

CAPE TOWN, September 7.—Midnight.—The Boers, it is stated positively, are concentrating on the border.

LONDON, September 8.—A special dispatch to the *Morning Post*, from Pietermaritzburg, says that the eight hundred Boers who left Pretoria for St. Anderton, about fifty miles from the frontier, pushed on to Volksrust, close to the Natal border, where they are now encamped.

The same correspondent says that the arrangements for the defence of New Castle, in Natal, south of Laings Nek, are now practically complete. He adds: "The Governor of Natal informs me that the Boers of Utrichet and Vryheid have been suddenly recalled to the High Veldt. They were compelled to leave their cattle behind them, but they took children of the natives as hostages."

The *Times*, commenting editorially upon the Transvaal's demand for an explanation of the presence of British troops on the border says: "Such a demand as the Transvaal has addressed to its suzerain is probably without a precedent, except as an act of defiance. Ignorant of diplomatic usage as the Boers may be, they could hardly have taken this step unless they desired to dare us to a trial of strength."

WARM WIRELETS.

J. M. Chapman, of Georgia, at Salt Lake, lowered the world's record for a paced mile on an eight-lap track to 1:47 2-5.

At the Douglas county fair, at Camarago, Ill., last night, lightning struck the north end of the grand stand, killing two men instantly, fatally injuring two more and seriously disabling six others.

The United States Transport Wright, loaded with relief supplies of food and clothing contributed by the citizens of Baltimore and Washington for the hurricane sufferers of Porto Rico, sailed yesterday for San Juan.

The Garden City Hotel at Garden City owned by the A. T. Stewart estate, was burned yesterday. The hotel was the largest on Long Island outside of Brooklyn, and was built at a cost of $135,000, its furnishings having cost $30,000 more.

The Quartermaster's Department has landed 330 horses and mules at Manila; there are 3,600 on the sea and arrangements are about completed to ship 2,400 more. This will supply the cavalry with horses and the army with mules for transportation.

Mr. James K. Jones, Jr., son of Senator Jones, has arrived in Washington, after a lengthy stay in Europe with his father. He stated that Senator Jones had no intention of resigning the chairmanship of the National Democratic Committee.

The following was the among the appointments in the volunteer army announced yesterday: To be captain in the Forty-seventh regiment, Stephen O. Smith, late first lieutenant Company H, Second North Carolina Volunteers.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM

DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY

OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY

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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

Average Profits

of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.
J. D. CROOM, President
W. B HARKER Secretary. je 10 tf

TO THE BEACHERS.

It will save you time and money to ascertain before you move up where to get your Winter furnishings. In order to point out the place, I will from Tuesday, August 22nd to August 26th inclusive, sell at actual cost for cash, the finest line of Porch, Bed Room, Sitting Room and Parlor Rockers ever shown in North Carolina, and store them in my warerooms, subject to your order till October 15.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, No. 17 South Front street. aug 22 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

"Wanted, to buy stock in the Wilmington Savings and Trust Co." I will pay $203 for each $100, par value, stock in the Wilmington Savings and Trust Co. offered at my office within the next ten days. Andrew Smith, Real Estate Agent, No. 109 Princess street, City. sep 8 1w

Wanted immediately—Drug Clerk with several years' experience. Must be single and present A 1 credentials. P. O. Box 302, Wilmington, N. C. sep 8 tf

Photographs—Platino paper, Carbonet tones, up-to-date instruments, latest style scenery, polite attention and a deposit at sitting accounts for our many happy customers. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. sep 1 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

CREAM BON BONS.

French Mixtures, Broken and Stick Candies
Fancy Assorted, Large Sugar and Plain Lemon Cakes
Peach and Honey, Red Wine, Old Nickel, Uncle Isom Plug Tobaccos. Also, Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Cheroots.

All Standard Goods.

Rib Sides, D. S. Plates, Hams and Shoulders.
Virginia Meal.
Standard Sugars.
Straight and Patent Flour.
Porto Rico and Cuba Molasses, Vanilla Syrup.
Green Coffees.
Big Bar Borax and Toilet Soaps.
Prices Guaranteed to Wholesale Purchasers. Correspondence Solicited.

T. D. LOVE,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, North Water Street.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage.
For rates apply to T. D. LOVE,
sep 6 tf General Agent.

"Improved Poultry."

Phœnix Poultry Yards,

PHŒNIX,
Brunswick County, N. C.

Breeders of

Fancy Poultry, Pigeons, &c.

Specialties: White Wyandottes and Barred Plymouth Rocks.

WM. J. POGUE, Prop'r.
sep 2 2m

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.
CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

Va. Water Ground Meal.

500 bushels Va. W. G. Meal.
This is no fake, but Pure Va. Water Ground Meal.
1,000 Fish Barrels.
2,000 lbs Nice Smoked Shoulders.
600 bags Shot.
4,000 bushels Texas R. P. Oats for Seed. They are nice.
2,500 bundles Ties.
1,200 rolls Bagging.
And train loads of other Groceries. Write for prices.

D. L. GORE,

WHOLESALE GROCER,
sep 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

Having purchased Mr. Wm. Sheehan's Real Estate business, and Mr. Sheehan having accepted a position with me, he will be authorized to do all collecting for rents, etc., for me from this date. Mr. Sheehan will give his entire attention to the collections, and thereby hopes to give entire satisfaction to all. Soliciting your business and a continuance of that given to Mr. Sheehan, I am, respectfully,
ANDREW SMITH,
Real Estate Agent

NOTICE.

I have sold my Real Estate business to Mr. Andrew Smith. I will still be in the business, having accepted a position with Mr. Smith. I will give every attention to the business and will make extra efforts to satisfy those that have so kindly helped me, and ask a continuance of the business that I have had on my own account. This change will enable me to give my entire attention to the collections. I respectfully solicit new business for Mr. Smith.
Respectfully, etc.,
sept 3 1w WM. SHEEHAN, JR

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests Charges reasonable. Special rates for families. je 28 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

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Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

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1st. Our Shoes are bought close.
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Ladies's Shoes. Ladies' fine button Boot $1.25 to $3.00 Ladies' fine lace Shoes, latest style, from $1.00 to $2.00.

Men's Shoes. We have a nice line of Men's Tan Shoes, latest style toe, Winter weight, from $1.25 to $3.50. We have 300 pairs of Gent's and Ladies' Shoes, a job, to close out at 75c. The hard cash buys Cheap Shoes. Look in our Window as you pass by and you will see values that will astonish you.

Remember the place, No. 109 Market street, TERMS CASH.

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sep 3 tf

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Axminsters,
Tapestries,
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Unions and Cotton Chains,

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Art Squares and Mattings,
Window Shades,
Lace Curtains, Portierres,
Table Covers, Couch Covers,
New line of Drapery,
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All Carpets made and laid promptly by Competent Workmen, and satisfaction guaranteed. A lot of BEAUTIFUL SCREENS, both filled and not filled. Those having homes to furnish should see all of the above goods before placing their orders.

Agent for Butterick's Patterns and Her Majesty's Corsets.

A. D. BROWN,

sep 3 tf

SUITS TO MEASURE.

Our lines of Fall and Winter Goods are now open, and we will take great pleasure in showing them. We have just returned from the market, where we selected the handsomest lot of English, French, Scotch and Domestic Cassimeres, Cheviots, Worsteds, etc., ever shown in this city.

Our line of "Vicunas" cannot be surpassed by any one.

This season finds us with an up-to-date line of samples, which we have made North. Drop in and look them over. The latest ideas in Furnishing Goods.

M. H. CURRAN,
aug 31 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

The C. W. Polvogt Co

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

We have just received a quantity of Warner's Rust Proof Corsets,

Price $1.00,

and every pair warranted.

Our New Carpets are arriving daily, and the busy season in this department has begun. See our well selected stock before you make your purchases.

NEW FALL GOODS will be on display during this week, as our Buyer is North, selecting our Fall and Winter stock.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.
Write for Samples.
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